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"FLYING SAUCER" THEORIES AND EXPERIMENTS

DISCUSSES "FLYING SAUCERS" -- Dakar, Paris-Dakar, 12 Dec 53

In a recent issue of Forces Acriennes Francaises, a monthly periodical published by the Comite d'Etudes Aeronautiques Militaires (Study Committee on Military Aeronautics), which is headed by General P. Fay, Chief of Staff of the Air Force, an article develops the idea that supersonic interstellar ships powered by cosmic energy are possible. The article was written by Lieutenant Plantier of the Ecole de l'Air de Salon (Salon Aeronautical School). [Paris-Dakar describes the article in some detail and suggests that its acceptance by the periodical indicates that the French Air Force admits the existence of "flying saucers." The same article received coverage in the 26 November 1953 issue of the Beirut daily newspaper L'Orient.]

DESCRIBES SAUCER EXPERIMENTS -- Capetown, Die Landstem, 9 Jan 54

A German newspaper [not further identified] recently published an interview with George Klein, famous German engineer and aircraft expert, describing the experimental construction of "flying saucers" carried out by him from 1941 to 1945. Klein stated that he was present when, in 1945, the first riloted "flying saucer" took off and reached a speed of 1,300 miles per hour within 3 min-utes. The experiments resulted in three designs: one, designed by Mitche, was a disk-shaped aircraft, 135 feet in diameter, which did not rotate; another, designed by inhermohi and Schreiver, consisted of a large rotating ring, in the center of which was a round, stationary cabin for the crew. When the Soviets concepted France, the Germans destroyed every trace of the "Tayling saucer" profect [there] and nothing more was heard of Habermohl and his assistants. Schreiver recently died in Bremen, where he had been living. In Breslau, the Soviets managed to capture one of the saucers built by Miethe, who escaped to France. He is reportedly in the US at present.

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FLYING DISK PATENTED -- Maples, Il Giornale, 12 Jan 54

According to a Genoa newspaper [not further identified], the patent office of the Genoe Chamber of Commerce has issued a patent for a flying disk to Scipione Mattolin, 38, a Venetian naval fitter residing in Genoa. The invention is patented as No 165 of Patent Register 125. The disk would cost to excess of \$50 million lire; it could attain a speed of 3,000 kinceters per hour. Mattolin has offered his invention to Italy, but it has been turned down; he intends to emigrate and offer it elsewhere.

The Fee daily newspaper Le Courrier du Marce, in its 12 Annany 195h issue, risted that the disk will wigh 5 tons and will take gef from a tower 18 meter high. It will consist of a disk-shaped plastic wing, an aluminum central sphere, and a cockpit containing two jet engines# The Stockholm daily newspaper Stockholms-Tidmingen, on 12 January 195h, reported that Mattellin is in contact with US authorities.)

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